

### **Major changes in the second Germanic consonant shift**

<b>proto-sound</b>	<b>After vowels</b>	<b>Elsewhere</b>
* <i>p</i>	f	pf
* <i>t</i>	s	ts
* <i>k</i>	x	k (but kx in some dialects)
* <i>d</i>	t	t

Notice that \* indicates the proto-form in reconstruction analyses.

So, now compare Modern English, which did not undergo the shift, and Modern German, which did undergo the shift:

<b>Modern English</b>	<b>Modern German</b>
open	offen
<b>path</b>	<b>pfad</b>
bite	beissen
to	zu (z is pronounced ts)
book	Buch (ch is pronounced x)
come	kommen
ride	reiten
door	Tür

As usual, notice the pronunciation here, and not the spelling, though in many of these examples the spelling does reflect the pronunciation.